ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

King Making and Prim's Policy in Spain.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS IN GERMANY.

Livingstone's Explorations, Discoveries and Requirements.

THE DEAD OF THE STONEWALL

Another Johnsonian Move for the Tennessee Senatorship.

Henry Cooper's Election Claimed to Be Illegal.

The Ring Making Ballettings.

Madrid, Nov. 1, 1869. The prospect of an agreement in the Cortes on the choice of a King improve. It is now known that 141 deputies are pledged to vote for the Duke of Genoa. The ministerial crisis is still pending. Prim is making strennous efforts to retain at least one unionist in the Cabinet,

English Opinion of the Crisis-Prim as Master of the "Situation."

LONDON, Nov. 1, 1809.

The London Times, in an article on the situation In Spain, toresees that the understanding between Prim and Serrano must end. The election of a King affords the best opportunity they could have for a dissolution of partnership, which could otherwise hardly be effected without a disastrons outbreak. The unionists have no chance of success. After week's vain debate in the Cortes the Ministers of that party have resigned. Serrano must follow , and then Prim remains master-a situation which suits him. At least he wishes to have the bstance of power under some one invested with its semblance. For the past year Serrano has rved as a cloak for his ambition. If Serrand withdraws and the Duke of Genoa is not brought in, then Prim stands forth, caposed the great and the rancor of the small, alone between the great and the rancor bim and enamics who, then Prim stands forth, exposed to the envy of friends who do not trust him and enemies who, when the time comes, will not spare him.

FRANCE.

Paris Tranquil.

PARIS, Nov. 1, 1869. The city remains perfectly tranquil. All symptoms of agitation have disappeared.

#### GERMANY.

Earthquake Shocks in the Ancient Cities. LONDON, Nov. 1-P. M. By French Atlantic Cable.

Telegrams from Frankfort to hand in the city in the evening report that severe shocks of earthquake were felt last night and during the morning to-day in the city of Frankfort, at Wiesbaden and May ence, and the surrounding neighborhood in each

National Thanksgiving and a Fast.

A royal decree has been promulgated appointing the 10th of November as a day of fasting and prayer. The decree refers to the great religious movements which now agitate Europe, and calls on the people to petition for divine guidance and protection.

IRELAND.

Land Tenure and Political Amnesty-A Violent

Demonstration.

DUBLIN, Nov. 1, 1889. A meeting was held at Limerick last night to discuss the fixity of land tenure. During the evening the proceedings were violently interrupted by per made a rush for the platform and took possession of At. They then proceeded to smash the furniture, and ed by entirely destroying the platform. Attempts and the meeting was broken up amid great excite-

A public meeting at Cavan yesterday adopted reing any Pallamentary bill for Ireland which may not provide for the fixity of land

ENGLAND.

Death of the Marquis of Westminster. LONDON, Nov. 1, 1869. Sir Richard Grosvenor, the Marquis of minster, died yesterday, aged seventy four.

CUBA.

A Political Orator Hissed-Movements of the Privateers Lillian and Teaser a Mysteryancous News. HAVANA, Nov. 1, 1869.

The first meeting of the club at the Casino Español as held on Saturday evening. Dr. Baxeres commenced to make a political speech, but the audience Nothing is known here of the movements of the Lillian and Teaser in addition to the accounts received from New York. rmishes are of daily occurrence in the Cinco

The volunteers of Triniand captured a number of wooden cannon, which were found in some intrenchned by the insurgents.

The Spanish war steamer Aimauza arrived to-day

# THE PACIFIC COAST.

Newspaper Consolidation in San Francisco-Indian Difficulties in Arizona.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1, 1869. The United States steamer Resaca sailed to-day have been consolidated, under the name of the Alla

Californ a and the San Francisco Times. The Western Pacific Railway Company have comploted the Oakland ferry landing. General Thomas' reply to Governor Safford's offer

of volunteers creates great dissatisfaction through field in person at the head of three companies. His proposal has been referred to Washington. In the meantime the indians continue their murders and depredations. Flour—There were heavy sales for export; the market was firm at \$4 37 a \$5 25. Wheat weak at \$1 55 a \$1 60. Legal tenders, 77%.

# THE PLAINS.

Division in the Mormon Church-Several

Leaders Excommunicated—Soldiers Mur-dered by Indians.
Sr. Louis, Nov. 1, 1800. An Omaha despatch says that parties from Salt Lake report that several Mormon dignitaries connected with the Zion Co-operative Association have been publicly excommunication by the Mormon Church. Considerable excitement prevailed among

AFRICA.

Dr. Livingstone's Travels and Explorations-Letter to the Herald—In Want of Supplies— The Sources of the Nile—The Doctor Likely to Remain Longer. LONDON, Nov. 1, 1862.

A special news letter, marked in the mail "private," addressed to the London agent of the HERALD, and dated at Zanzibar on the 5th of September, states that the writer had pleasure in conveying the information that on the day previous letters had been received by the British Consul at that place from Dr. Livingstone, the explorer. The communications were dated to the 8th day of Dr. Livingstone was in good health.

He spent the year previous exploring; the section of the country lying south of Tangamiaka lake, which he found to contain many small springs or inner lake fountains, which he claims to be the true

sources of the river Nile.

Dr. Livingstone states that he had heard that two different instalments of supplies had reached Uioji from Zanzibar for his use, but they had been received at a time previous to his arrival there, so as to have them early, and thus render them beneficial. In these letters he requests that further supplies of necessaries be despatched to him, including nautical instruments and copies of English almanaes for the years 1869 and 1870. This fact indicates, it is supposed, that the Doctor purposed remaining in the country for a lengthy period of time, more particu-

point of the territory he purposed to come out on his journey homeward. The letters are written on small scraps of paper which Dr. Livingstone begged from the Arabs, who conveyed the written documents to the coast for

larly as he has given no idea of his intentions for the future, and has not mentioned at what place or

transmission to England. The communications are exceedingly meagre so far as regards general news.

THE STONEWALL DISASTER.

Recovery of Bodies from the Wreck-Excitement Against a Steamboat Captain. Sr. Louis, Nov. 1, 1869.

Parties from the wreck of the steamer Stonewall report sixty-five bodies recovered. The colored steward and chambermaid are the only ones identised. The feeling against Captain John T. Washington, of the Submarine No. 13, who passed the Stone-wall while she was burning, and when, it is said, wall while she was burning, and when it is said, many lives could have been saved, is very intense. He is condemned in unmeasured terms. A report has been received from Captain Girardeau that a vigilance committee has been formed to lynch Captain Washington on his return up the river. A despatch from Carbondale says that a party is busly engaged dragging the river for the bodies of those who lost their lives by the recent steamboat disaster. Up to two o'clock this afternoon upwards of sixty bodies have been recovered, ten of whom have been Identified by their friends. Two or three charred bodies were found on the wreck.

#### TENNESSEE.

Excitement in the Legislature-Cooper's Election as United States Senator Claimed to be Illegal-Johnson's Prospects Brightening. NASHVILLE, Nov. 1, 1869.

In the Lower House of the Legislature to-day Mr.
White offered a preamble reciting the following clause of the constitution of Tennessee:-No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be eligible to any office or place of trust the appointment to which is vested in the Executive or the General Assembly, except to the office of a trustee of a literary institution.

Following this was a resolution declaring the election of Henry Cooper, a representative from Davidson county in the State Senate, to the United States Senate lilegal and void, and providing for the Legislative Convention, at a future day, to elect a Senator in his place.

A motion was made by a member, who declared the resolution an insult to the Legislature, to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking action on it, announcing his intention to move to lay it on the table. The motion to suspend the rules failed—yeas 30, mays 32.

table. The motion to suspend the rules failed—yeas 30, mays 32.

The proamble and resolution were then referred to the Judiciary Committee. This movement created considerable excitement. The author is a warm supporter of Mr. Johnson, who is still in Nashville. John Bell was elected to the United States Senate some years ago while a Representative from Davidson county in the Legislature, and took his seat. Johnson's supporters say this may be a precedent, but it is not law.

The House oill calling a State convention passed the Senate to-day on first reading.

# ILLINOIS.

The Chicago and Rock Island Railroad-De. parture of Admiral Farragut. CHICAGO, Nov. 1, 1869.

John W. Tracy having resigned the office of General Superintendent of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, Hugh Riddle, late General Superintendent of the New York and Erie Railway, has been appointed. Mr. Tracy remains the president of the

road.

Admiral Farragut and family left here this morning for the East in a special car tendered by the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne Railroad. The Admiral was quite weak when he started, but means for his comfort were provided.

Completion of the New York and Oswego Midland Rallroad.

The last rail of the New York and Oswego Midand Norwich, Chenango county, was laid at six o'clock this evening near this city. One hundred guns were fired in honor of the event.

# OBITUARY

Sir Richard Grosvenor, Marquis of Westminster.

A despatch from London dated yesterday reports the death of the Marquis of Westminster, in the seventy-fifth year of his age. The deceased nobleman was born on the 27th of January, 1795, his father being Sir Robert, who was created Marquis of Westminster in 1831. The family is one of the oldest and most distinguished in Great Britain, descending from illustrious ancestors who flourished in Normandy as far back as the year 912, and were indirectly related to William the Conqueror, with whom the founder of the English Grosvenors came over to England. The immediate ancestors of the late Marquis were first ennobled in 1621, when Sir Marquis were first ennobled in 1621, when Sir Richard Grosvenor was created a baronet. In 1761 another Sir Richard was elevated to the peerage by the title of baron Grosvenor of Eaton, county palatine of Chester, and in 1734 was advanced to the dignities of Viscount Peigrave and Earl Grosvenor.

The subject of this sketch was not distinguished in politics, although he possessed a great deal of intenece. He succeeded his father in February, 1845, becoming the possessor of probably the largest estate in England. His wealth was enormous, yielding, it is said, an annual income of nearly three millions of dollars. The manner in which this vast fortune was obtained was remarkable. The first Earl Grosvenor was in comparatively siender circumstances, but was the owner of a large tract of low, marshy land in Westminster, which yielded him but little and which was regarded as of little value. The rapid growth of London towards the land attracted the attention of a master builder named Cubitt, who leased a number of the unproductive acres, turned them into city lots and began erecting houses. The value of the property now increased with marvellous rapidity. Upon it was built to present aristocratic portion of London known as Fimilico and Beigravia. Cubitt acquired immense wealth by his enterprise; but the lucky owner obtained the lion's share. In a few years, it is stated, the lots leased by Cubitt will revert to the present owner, whose fortune will then be increased to probably \$4,000,000 per annum.

fortune will then be increased to probably \$4,000,000 per annum.

We have already remarked that the deceased nobleman was not distinguished in politics. It may also be said that he was distinguished for his wealth alone, and for nothing more. He was at one time Lord Steward of the Household, and was Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotalorum of the county of Chester at the time of his death. In the House of Chester at the time of his death. In the House of Chester at the time of his death. In the House of Chester at the time of his death. In the House of Chester at the time of his death, In the House of Chester at the time of his death. In the House of Chester at the time of his death, In the House of Chester at the time of his death, In the House of Chester at the time of his death, In the House of Chester at the Liberal was conspicuous during the recent reform agriation in England by his refusal to vote for the liberal measure.

man, veteran editor of the New Albany (Ind.) Daily Leager, the oldest daily in Indiana, who was suddenly stricken with apoploxy Sunday afternoon and died in a short time. Mr. Norman has occupied the editorial chair for a period of twenty-two years, and was conceded to be one of the best campaign magasgers in the West. THE SCHOOL SHIP MERCURY.

Tia "Arab" Hoys of New York in Training-Tindr Vessel Anchored Off the Battery-The Officers-What They Learn-How They Live-The Future Nursery of the Navy-Admiral Porter's Views.
It was long ago pointed out by philanthropisis that

the prevention of crime was more judicious than its punishment. This idea was tried with some success n the Children's Aid Refuge, where the homeless boys of the street are gathered together, taught and fed. But it was difficult to prevent them from going back to the streets. The influences which surround the newsboy and the shoeblack are notennobling, and thoughtful men were not surprised when the children of the Refuge relapsed once more into vicious courses and swelled the lists of juvenile crime. In Boston, however, a schoolship nad been instituted where these enfans perdus were trained into hardy seamen. This idea has lately been taken up in our city by the Commissioners of Public Chari-ties and Correction, and the boys from Blackwell's and Hart's islands have been drafted into the school

Yesterday morning the Mercury arrived off the Battery and cast anchor, having cruised down the Sound from Hart's Island, her regular station. This clipper, formerly a Havre packet, is a noble vessel, 200 feet in length, 40 feet beam and 21 feet in depth, and about 1,600 tons register. Her dimensions be tween decks are 7% feet. Her accommodations and fitting up in cabins, storerooms, &c., are perfection. She has been arranged for 300 boys, though at present there are only 114 on board; but there are 100 at Hart's Island eagerly waiting for the necessary uniforms to come on board. These, as well as everything possible, are made at the various instituvoidable. The yards are so heavy that to fill all the stations in man-of-war style it absolutely requires 300 boys, and these there will not be the slightest difficulty in obtaining. Having formerly been a packet, everything about the Mercury is in galant, handsome style. All the woodwork is neatly painted, there is a profusion of brasswork, which is polished which the boys keep in remarkable neatness, and like a mirror.

there is a promision of brasswork, which is polished which the boys keep in remarkable neatness, and like a mirror.

The officers.

Chief of these is Captain Stetson, a gentleman whose bravery and humanity in the saving of human lite have been gratefully acknowledged by the Queen of England, accompanied with a valuable gold watch, and by the King of Prussia, who presented him with a superb chronometer. He has also been the recipient from various societies of two gold and three sliver medals. He was in command of the vessel when she was purchased by the city of New York for her present purpose, and says pleasanity that it seems he was bought with the ship. A more fitting chier officer it would be difficult to find, and it is at the same time an acknowledgment of his services to humanity. Next is Mr. H. Sammers, the executive officer—a veteran naval officer, prompt and daring—who has suiled with Cushing (the hero of the Albemarie business) in the Maumee in the East Indies. Also Charles Lockwood, sailing master: Afred D. Payne, paymaster; Frank Gregory, second officer; George Endridge, third officer, and Mr. J. Hays, the schoolmaster. There is no regular chaplain, but the vessel is visited by ministers of every denomination, Catholic and Protestant. There are also twenty regular seamen, A. B.'s, three of whom are employed as petty officers.

WHAT THEY LEARN.

The boys are divided into starboard and port watches, in naval style, and are well and warmly clothed in naval uniforms, having round their blue cap a ribbon with "Mercury" in goiden letters. They rise at half-past five (at five A. M. in summer), stow away their hammocks and wash the decks, clean the brass work and make things ship-shape until half-past seven, when they have breakfast. Then half of each watch goes to school, and the other half goes on deck, loosing and reeing sails, learning seamanship, exercising with the two brass six-pounders they have on board, and making all kinds of seinit to noon, when there is a spail for dinner and recreation until o

THEIR FOOD. THEIR FOOD.

Their dietary is ampie, generous, spiendid, It has been made so with the idea of making the boys look with pride and fondness on their vessel and not regard it in any way as a prigon. Fresh meat four times a week, sait twice, lish, fresh or sait, on Fridays, with an abundance of Iresh infixed vegetables, and puddings every day of Indian meal or nour with plums (the traditional plum duft) is the dimer. The breakfast and supper is tea, confee or cocca, with biscuit and butter, and in harbor soft bread, with incluses or apple sauce, and twice a week boiled rice. The quantity is ample, and the appearance of the boys is most emphasis evidence of its good quality. Bumble says meat makes man proud. It certainly does, and it is exactly this pride which the school ship Mercury endeavors to instil; and the boys, by their manly looks, their upright bearing and unembarrassed carriage, prove clearly how successful the system is. The juvenie thief lurks, slinks, cringes no more. He gazes straight into his questioner's face and answers promptly and pleasantly. He is becoming a man, with manly principles. The principle is instilled into them at once, by Mr. Summers, that skulking and thieving are alike contemptible. And the boys are so impressed with this that they will punish a skulker themselves. Any one whose watch is above and who is caught below is beaten up by the watch between decks, and any one whose watch is above and who is caught below is beaten up by the watch between decks, and any one whose watch is above. between decks, and any one who attempts to shirk his work has a hard time of it, so that skulking is extremely rare. The aspect of the boys is distinctly

between decks, and any one who attempts to shirk his work as a hard time of it, so that skulking is extremely rare. The aspect of the boys is distinctly mauly, American.

A NURSERY OF GOOD SEAMEN.

Admiral Porter has informed General Bowen, one of the Commissioners of Public Charities, that he is highly in favor of the institution, and believes the will prove a valuable nursery for our navai forces. He intends shortly to make a cruise in the Mercury and to consider what improvements may be made in the present system, which, however, is almost in its infancy, being bardly a month old, Everything is done in man-of-war style, and the boys, quick and impressionable, have caught the feeling, and nine-tenths of them declare that when they are if they will join the naval service. The mercantile marine is held in horror. Tales are in circulation, only too true, of the barbarous treatment of salors in such shipe, and the prejudice against them is therefore great. This is, indeed, of the less consequence, since the extraordinary tariff of the administration has reduced the commercial marine to a zero. But the desire of the boys to be thorough seamen is not feigned. It is earnest and true. They stand occasional rough weather in their trips of fifteen or sixteen days with accural complacency, and go aloft, reef, furi and secure sails and rieging with rapidity and in good style. In their practice, short-handed as they are, they have furied and loosed sails in fourteen minutes, although from their scant numbers there are no boys to fill the stations of the lower sails. The inteutes, although from their scant numbers there are no boys to fill the stations of the lower sails. The interest of the officers is equally great; they are as desirous to teach as the boys to learn. There is the utmost harmony and good feeling among them, and there can be little doubt that we have at last discovered the real way to utilize our juvenite criminals.

# TROTTING AT THE FASH ON COURSE.

yesterilay afternoon. The first was a match for \$500, two mile heats, between Mr. Smith's bay geluing Trenton (formerly known as Stephen A. Douglas to wagon, and Mr. Crow's gray gelding Jack, in harness. Trenton won the race very easily, without harness. Trenton won the race very easily, without being headed, from the start to the finish. He was the ravorite at six to four previous to the start; but after the first one hundred to ten wanted takers. The second trot was for a sweepstakes of \$600, mile heats, in harness, between Mr. Lynch's bay gelding Buil of the Woods, Mr. Garray's gray mare Jenny Lind, and Mr. Kane's gray gelding Gray Eagle. This was a miserable affair. Buil of the Woods won in a short rubber, Jenny Lind second. There was very little betting on the trot. As neither of the trota are worthy of further comment we appear the

### APPENDENCE | SUMMARIES | FABRION COURSE | Nov. 1 - Sweepstakes | \$500; mile heats, in harness: - | T. Lynch entered b. g. Buil of the Woods | 1 1 P. Garray entered g. m. Jenny Lind | 2 2 2 M. Kane entered g. g. Gray Eagle | 3 3 Time. 3 0

Time. Quarter, Holf. Mile.

First heat. 46 1:29 3:05

Second heat. 43 1:30 3:05

SAME DAY.—Trotting match, \$500; two mile heats:— Reats:—
G. B. T. named b. g. Trenton, to wagon . . . . . 1
W. Bowen named g. g. Jack, in harness . . . . . 2
2 named g. g. TIME.

First Mile. Second Mile. Total.

2:52 2:54 5

2:52 5:45% 5:46%

"FARO " Savage Rough and Tumble with "The Tiger"-

One More Victim.

A young man named William Ryan, staying at the St. Charles Hotel, Broadwar, was induced by a genteel-looking man, named James Dewsbury, to outer a house, No. 685 Broadway, for the purpose of playing at cards a game called "faro," Dewsbury acted as dealer in the game, and he lost \$110 in currency and a gold watch of the value of \$100 very shortly after commencing playing. As the morning's reflection did not approve of the evening's swindle he went to the Tombs Police Court and told Judge Dowling how he had been victimized. Captain Walsh was communicated with, and the result was that the Captain was soon on Dawabnry's track.

# WASHINGTON.

The New Secretary of War in Office.

THE CASE OF GENERAL BUTTERFIELD.

Solicitor Banfield's Report Before the President.

Washburn's Difficulties in Paraguay.

EVIDENCE OF COMMANDER KIRKLAND

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1, 1869.

The Public Debt Statement.

A new feature of the public debt statement issued to-day is the addition of two columns, not heretofore embraced in the monthly publication, showing separately the amounts of registered and coupon bonds

The New Secretary of War Established in

His Office.

General Belknap, the new Secretary of War, was formally established in his office this morning. Soon after the turning over of the books and papers a large number of officers of the garrisons of ington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, headed by the Adjutant General of the army, called to pay their respects. The heads of bureaus in the department and General F. T. Dent, of the Executive Mansion. also called. No changes will take place for the present. General Sherman and the Secretary had a lengthy interview, in which the General explained the routine of the office. General Belknap's family

will reach this city early in December.

General Bolknap will devote the next few days to a personal examination into all the details of his department until be thoroughly comprehends the management of every branch. His practical know-ledge of military affairs will enable him to keep up the efficiency of this branch of the public service to its present high standard. Under the administration of the late Secretary and General Sherman many reforms were inaugurated, and this work will go on under General Belknap until completed. Investigation of the Charges Against General

Butterfield-A Fat Office Going a Begging. Secretary Boutwell and Solicitor Banfield, of the Treasury Department, were closeted with the President for a long time to-day. It is understood that the matter under consideration was the recent visit of the Solicitor to New York concerning the examination into the charges against General Butterfield. It is stated that Solicitor Banfield prepared a written report. Mr. Boutwell says this is not true. All the report made was a verbal one to the secretary, the main points of which were rehearsed to the President to-day. The trouble is, there has been no formal investigation ordered in General Butter-field's case. Mr. Banfield was simply sent over to look into the matter in an informal way, and se what was in the stories circulated against Butterfield. If an investigation is gone into it will have to be by a committee of Congress or some commission having power to send for persons and papers and compel the attendance of witnesses. The Secretary of the Treasury and Mr. Banfield are unusually ret cent about the result of whatever examination he made in New York, and refuse to allow it to be published for the present. In the meantime Mr. Boutwell is still on the hunt for an Assistant Treasurer. All the gentlemen to whom it has been tendered have declined it, with the exception (it is said) of Charles J. Folger. The story at the Treasury Department is that he is turning the matter over in his mind. But it is feared that if he learns as much about the Sub-Treasury as Cisco and Van Dyck know, he will follow the example of the other gentlemen and decline. The chief trouble about the office is that the Assistant Treasurer is not only responsible for his own conduct, but for that of every clerk in his office. If a clerk absconds with make it good. General Butterfield has a case now pending in the department, where one of the clerks ran off with several hundred dollars. Under these arrangements few capable, honest men want the

The Paraguayan Dimenty-New Phase of the Washburn-Lopez Imbroglio-Unpleasant Disclosures of the Ex-Minister's Diplomacy-The Card of the Secretary of the Argentine Republic.

An interesting point, disclosed in the course of

the Washburn-Paraguayan investigation, still in progress, has just leaked out. While the Foreign York it seems Commander Kirkland, of the United is the man who commanded the steamer Wasp. from Paraguay to Buenos Ayres. It is said that one versation turned upon the Washburn difficulty conspiracy against Lopez, in which Mr. Washburn was charged with being an accomplice. Mrs. Washburn loined in the conversation, and remarked that change the form of government in Paraguay. She the presence of her husband and some others, a promingo in his place was discussed, but that it did not include a plan to radically change the form of government. At this remark of his wife Minister Wasaburn looked up and frowned unpleasantly at the lady. Commander Kirkland noticed the statement of Mrs. Washburn and the horror of her husband at the unexpected disclosure, and exchanged glances of wonder with a gentleman who pacity of an interpreter. Before going into the committee room to testify Kirkland was advised by a member of the committee to beware of what he said to contradict his expected statements about her conversations on board the steamer Wasp. Kirkland when before the committee was interrogated on the point by one of the members and said:- "Gentlemen, I am sorry I have been interrogated on this point, for I disite, to connect the name of a lady with anything uppleasant; but as it seems my veracity is here in question I am compelled to speak out." Saying this Kirkland drew from his coat pocket an affidavit of the interpreter who had heard the remark of Mrs. Washburn on board the Wasp, and which proved to be a complete corroboration of the Commander's story. Mr. Washburn, who was present, suggested the following question to be asked of Kirkland:-"Do you generally back up your statements with amdavits as Commander?" "Yes, sir," replied the Commander, "when I have to deal with suspicious parties." The disclosure of this conversation of Mrs. Washburn is said to have produced a very strong impression upon the investigating committee. The publication-of young Mitre's note protesting

against Minister McMahon's report against the Bra-zilian outrages produced considerable feeling here to-day. It was expected by many that an un-pleasantness would ensue between McMahon and the Secretary of the Argentine Confederation, but all is quiet. McMahon laughs at the protest and will not condescend to notice it. His full report to the State Department and his expected testumony before the investigating committee within this week will furnish a complete answer to all the statements of Washburn and Company. Exciting Contest Over the Iowa Senetorship.

Judge D. N. Cooley, of Iowa, arrived here to-day. He is among the most prominent candidates for the United States Senatorship from that State made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Grimes. He reports the contest as very exciting among the different aspirants. The Iowa Legislature, which was elected a week ago, and which meets in January next, will elect two Senaors-one to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Grimes and the other to succeed him for the regular term. It is pot thought that the sauce man will be selected 105 both terms. Judge Wright, of the Supreme | \$7,303,552

Court of fowa, will probably be elected for the two years remaining of Mr. Grimes' time, and Judge Cooley for theregular term, beginning in 1872. Cooley was formerly Commissioner of Indian Affairs when Scantor Harian was Secretary of the Interior, and it is inderstood Harian will throw the weight of his influence for him. In addition to this, James F. Wilson, who is off the track, supports Cooley. Wilson and Harian are among the most inducatial politicians of Iowa.

Executive Appointments.

The President has appointed Francis Springer to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the First dis-

trict of Iowa, vice General Belknap, appointed Sec-retary of War; John M. Bailey, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourteenth district of New York, and J. W. Bear, Special Agent for the Treasury Department, with his station at Baltimore, Md.
General Sweitzer, Supervisor of the Western dis-

trict of Pennsylvania, called on Commissioner Delano to-day and received instructions relative to his new position.

Economy in the Navy Department.

The following facts and figures relative to the expenses of the Navy Department will show the economy that has been practised since the present administration came into power:-The expenses of the Navy Department from March 1, 1869, to Novem ber 1, 1869, amount to \$2,196,785 per month, average The last seven months of the late administration the expenses amounted to \$2,617,584 per month, showing a decrease of \$420,000 per month i favor of the present administration. The las three months of the late administration the expenses were \$2,834,044 per month, a difference of \$637,212 per month in favor of the present administration. Since Grant came into power all the work in the navy yards has been done under the eight hour law. Much of the enonomy as well as the organization of the Navy Department is owing to the management of Admiral Porter.

Proposed Raid on Travelling Officials. General Butler and other prominent members of Congress express a determination to take some ac tion in Congress to prevent the gross abuse of office by the incumbents being absent from their posts unnecessarily and to the detriment of the public service. It is proposed to make the legislation on this subject very rigid, and to have it operate in the way of cutting down the enormous number of sinecures. There are several very glaring cases which are held particularly in view by these mem

The American Union Academy of Literature, Science and Art completed its organization this evening. Its membership includes many of the most eminent men of learning in this community. Dr. John W. Draper, of the New York University was unanimously elected president, and has ac cepted. The vice presidents are Judge Casey, of the Court of Claims; Rev. Dr. Sampson, president of Columbia College, and Judge J. W. Borthy, forgressional Library, was chosen corresponding secre tary, and W. D. Gallagher, formerly a journalist o Cincinnati, recording secretary. The Academy is striction as to the number of its members. In its general object and scope it is designed to serve th purposes and accomplish the usefulness attained by

Denth of a Noted Indian Chief. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received official information of the death of Satanta, late desperate Washita river fight with the forces under General Custer about a year ago.

#### THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The November Statement Compared with That of the Corresponding Month Last Year and with the October Statement of 1869.

The following statement of the public debt on the 1st of November has just been issued from the Treasury Department. We compare the figures with those given at the corresponding time last year:-

rtment.

In at the corresponding time

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.

Nov. 1, 1865.

Nov. 1, 1863.

\$221,683,490

\$221,583,390

\$221,583,390

1,886,347,500 Nov. 1, 1865. Five per cent bonds..., \$221,588,490 Six per cent bonds.... 1,885,989,550 Total bearing coin int., \$2,107,577,950 \$2,107,933,800 | DEBT BRARING CURRENCY INTEREST. | Three per cent certific tes | \$58,325,000 | \$47,640,000 | Navy pension fund.... | 14,000,000 | 14,000,000 | 14,000,000 | Total bearing cur'cy in. \$72,325,000 Matured, not paid. . . . 9,753,723 \$61,640,000 DEST BEARING NO INTEREST.
United States notes. \$305,021,073
Fractional currency 33,413,925
Gold certificates 19,716,840 \$356,110,258 37,035,449 28,781,520 Total bearing no int... \$409,151,898 \$421,880,220 Debt bearing coin int...\$2,107.577.958
Debt bearing currey int. 72,325,000
Debt bearing no interest 409,151.898
Matured debt not paid.. 9,753,723 \$2,107,936,800 61,640,000 421,880,220 4,389,986 \$2,595,847,007 62,188,320

Grand total.....\$2,641,002,572 \$2,658,035,327 Coin...... \$116,994,711 18,269,001 46,920,746 Other purchased bonds

Total in Treasury... \$113,873,019 \$188,523,754

Debt less cash in Tre'sy. 2,527,129,552 2,469,511,573

Decrease of the national debt since November 1, 1889 57,617,070

VARIATIONS FROM LAST YEAR. Increase. Decrease.

Debt bearing coin int... \$353,859
Debt bearing cur'cy int..
Debt bearing no interest Matured debt not paid... 12,728,322 \$10,685,000 The following table compares the November state-

5, 363, 787 ment of the public debt with the previous one made DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST. 

 Oct. 1, 1800.
 Nov. 1, 1839.

 Five per cent bonds......\$221,589,300
 \$221,580,300

 Six per cent bonds......1,886,337,500
 1,886,347,500

 Total bearing coin int. \$2,107,936,800 \$2,107,936,800 | DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST. | Three per cent certific tos | \$40,545,000 | \$47,640,000 | Navy pension fund . . . . | 14,000,000 | 14,000,000 Total bearing cur'cy in. \$64,545,000 Matured, not paid..... 4,522,698 37,035,44 28,731,52 Total bearing no int. . \$413,528,662 \$421,880,220 Total bearing no inc., \$415,052,052

Bebt bearing coin int., \$2,107,396,300

Debt bearing no interest
Matured dobt not paid. 4,522,696 \$2,107,936,500 61,040,000 421,880,220 4,389,986 \$2,595,847,007 62,188,320 Grand total...... \$2,651,713,478 AMOUNT IN TREASURY.
Coin...\$108,504,659
Currency 6,559,004
Sinking fund 16,125,138
Other purchased bonds. 34,625,962

16,037,122 Debt bearing coin int...
Debt bearing cur'cy int..
Debt bearing no interest
Matured debt not paid..

\*\*S,351,658\*\* 132,710 The debt of the United States, less cash in the Treasury, was as annexed at the undermentioned March4, 1891. \$99,190,895 June 1, 1988. . 2,510,245,886

\$188,528,754 2,469,511,578

March4, 1891. \$93,139,855 June 1, 1838. 2,510,245,886
July 1, 1867. 592,921,404 Aug. 1, 1838. 2,508, 915,192
July 1, 1867. 592,921,404 Aug. 1, 1838. 2,508, 915,192
July 1, 1844. 1,721,847,934 Oct. 1, 1868. 2,535,514,413
July 31, 1854. 1,721,847,934 Oct. 1, 1868. 2,535,514,413
July 31, 1855. 2,757,253,275 Nov. 1, 1868. 2,257,199,552
Sept. 1, 1896. 2,716,531,535 Jan. 1, 1869. 2,540,707,201
Aug. 1, 1856. 2,716,531,535 Jan. 1, 1869. 2,540,707,201
Aug. 1, 1857. 2,443,235,172
April 1, 1867. 2,641,800,013
Oct. 1, 1867. 2,641,800,013
Oct. 1, 1867. 2,491,504,450
July 1, 1869. 2,508,125,630
Nov. 1, 1867. 2,491,504,450
June 1, 1869. 2,508,125,630
March1, 1868. 2,508,125,630
March1, 1868. 2,508,125,630
March1, 1868. 2,508,289,620
April 1, 1868. 2,509,620
Oct. 1, 1869. 2,469,030,032
March1, 1868. 2,509,828
Oct. 1, 1869. 2,469,031,073
May 1, 1868. 2,509,828
Oct. 1, 1869. 2,469,031,073
May 1, 1868. 2,508,838,874
Nov. 1, 1869. 2,469,031,073
May 1, 1868. 2,508,28,877
\*In this statement up mention is made of accrued

\*In this statement no mention is made of accrued interest, and the bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Company are calculated as part of the public debt. According to the report of Treasurer Boutwell, who adds accrued interest and ignores the bonds issued to that road, the total debt exhibits a decrease during the past month amounting to MASSACHUSETTS.

Secretary Bo, utwell and the Boston Gold Brokers. BOSTON, NOV. 1, 1860.

Secretary Boutwell w. "tes the following reason to a Boston gold broker for uot selling gold here:-"I named upon inquiry that the receipts of gold at the Boston Custom House do no. exceed the payments; hence we could not sell gold in Boston without shipping it from New York; while in all other cities, where gold is sold in small quant. Hes, the receipts excel all ordinary payments in co. 2. Upon these facts I have declined to make sales in Boston and meur the expense and risk of moving 201q."

WHO BUILDS THE STATE INSTITUTIONS? LONG BRANCH, N. J., Oct. 31, 1869.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:As a constant reader of the Herald I claim the right to ask you a few q nestions relative to the arcase of Richard O'Conno. t. the wife monopolist. You say he is likely to become a resident of one of the inattactions his countrymen; we so famous for building up the Hadson. I and me tay of my countrymen would wish to know, through the columns of your truth-telling Haralb, your meaning for saying—as tunderstand the article—that I rishmen build those mansions. Now then, tell me, died you mean that the institutions are built for our er peolal accommodation, or built by some firish architect, or firish workmen? Hopbing you wall soon let me know, I am, dear sir, your lumile servant, case of Richard O'Conno. t. the wife monopolist,

#### EUROPEAN MARI LETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDO N. NOV. 1—11
A. M.—TO-day is a horiday in the stoc & market and
the Exchange is therefore closes.
Leverool. Coffon Market.—Live Broot. Nov.
1—4:30 P. M.—The market closed fir.
uplands, 12:40; middling Orleans, 12:40
of the day have been 10:000 bales, of the day have been 10:000 bales, of the day have been 10:000 bales, of the high property of the proper LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL
LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL
LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL
LOPTODICE—Petroleum 11% oper gallon for spirits
and is Sigd for refined.
LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, No
Refined petroleum, is Sigd, nor gallon, fanse
gap per ton.
PRIROLEUM MARKET.—HAMBURG, Nov. 1.—1
Tetroleum closed at 10% marks banco per 100 ib.
American refined white.
BERKERS, Nov. 1.—Petroleum closed at 7 thale,
grotes per 100 ibs for American refined white,

#### MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The Canard mail steamship Scotia will leave this port on Wednesday for Livernool. The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office at twelve o'clock M.

THE NEW YORK HERALD-Edition for Europe-will be ready at half-past ten o'clock in the morning. Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents. Died.

Johnston.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, November I, William Johnston, of the parish of Nohill, county Longford, Ireland, aged 52 years.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 336 Columbia street, corner of Warren, Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

[For other Deaths see Ninth Page1

The Elections To-Day.
WHAT WILL THE DAY BRING FORTH? WHAT WILL THE DAY BRING FORTH? WHAT WILL THE DAY BRING FORTA? THE EVENING TELEGRAM THE EVENING TELEGRAM THE EVENING TELEGRAM

WILL ANNOUNCE IN EXTRA ISSUES THE WILL ANNOUNCE IN EXTRA ISSUES THE WILL ANNOUNCE IN EXTRA ISSUES THE PROGRESS OF THE VOTING, PROGRESS OF THE VOTING.

PROGRESS OF THE VOTING THE RESULT OF THE BALLOTINGS. THE RESULT OF THE BALLOTINGS, THE RESULT OF THE BALLOTINGS,

TOGETHER WITH ACCOUNTS OF INTERVIEWS WITH PROMINENT CANDIDATES A CHIEF OF THE UNION LEAGUE. SCENES, INCIDENTS AND ALL OTHER MATTERS OF INTEREST COM NECTED WITH TO-DAY'S ELECTION BUSINESS.

FIRST EDITION-Iwaive o'clock promotly. SECOND EDITION-Two o'clock promptly. THIRD EDITION-Four o'clock promptly, EXTRA EDITION-Nine o'clock P. M. promptly. NEWSDEALERS AND NEWSBOYS may take advantage of the sales of these aditions. ADVERTISERS, TAKE NOTICE.

Price 2 cents. Six dollars a year. Office, 97 Nassau street. THE NEXT CARTOON NUMBER EVENING TELEGRAM FRIDAY, NOV. 5. SOMETHING SPLENDID AND USEFUL FINE LIKENESSES OF

GENERAL GRANT.

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ADVERTISERS, TAKE NOTICE. A.—Great Strike Among the Dvers.—The Dvers here referred to are the Har Dvers, and the strike that has estruck them all of the transparents of the Har Dvers, and the strike that has estruck them all of the transparents of the

AN ILLUMINATED NUMBER.

MEWSDEALERS, SEND IN ORDERS IN A SVANCE

A.-Hyatt's Life Balsam.-Rheuma tism, N alcia and gout in their worst stages, also ecoloita, vil, erystosias, old ulcers and the worst cases of dis-he blood, goad debdisty, there complaints, kithing theum, de., are most certainly cured by this sec-turities. Porol, 245 crand street.

A .- Weather Strips Exclude Cold, Wind,

FA CO. A Cure for Rupture.—Dr. Sherman' ance and Compound a guarantee. For pampling graphic likenesses of sace before and after cur information, mailed to any address on receipt. Office 697 Broadway.

rectoral A.—Ladies' Faces Enamelled; a' paration for sale, with instructions, by M. h. Broadway.

A Timely Suggreation.—It is T your old Hat and replace it with one Fail and Winter style. It will improve, to your reputation and afford infinite of that is our option, and we advise you upon KNOX, at his popular salesow corner of Failton street. of KNOX'S elegant our appearance, add attitication. At least

At Everdell's, 302 Broadwing and Bail Cards, Dancing Posting and Bail Cards, Dancing Posting grammes, most stylish in

A.—A.—U. S. Fire Ext inquisher, Same as unstant use. No building safe y sartment. Always ready for less inventions. U. S. Pire F rithout It. Beware of worth por street, New York. Cristndoro's Unriv alled Hair Dyc.-Sold and applied at his wig and a pale factory, No. 6 Astor House.

Established in 180 9-The Metropolitan Joh Piles! Piles - - Dr. Witmer's Celebrated PILE REMEDY, the salty certain cure for bleeding or righting niles. Sold at 156 Br , wery.

Gonrand's V riental Cream, \$1 50 Per Bot-tic. 48 Bond strv st, late of 468 Broadway, and druggists. Royal Har ana Luttery.—Prizes Paid in Gold, latermation & mished. The highest rates paid for Doubloom and all kindy of Gold and Sive.

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Words of Cheer for Young Men, Who, Hav-ing rallen victims to social evils, desire a better manhood. Soit in seased letter encelopes, free of charge. Address a OWARD ASSOCIATION box 2, Philadelphia, Pa.